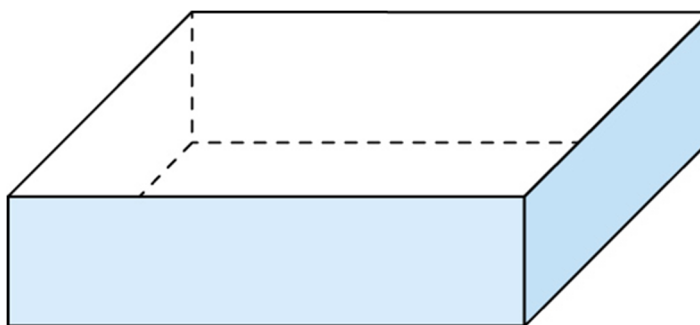


# 5 Calculus

## Activity: What is optimization? (Teacher version)

### Question

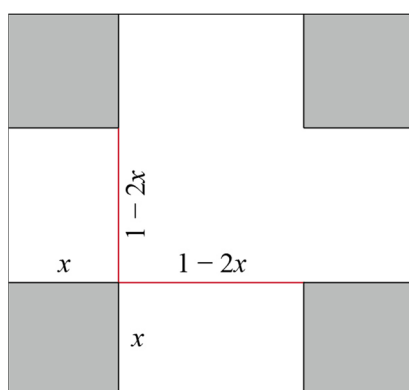
An open-topped box is formed by cutting congruent squares from the corners of a square piece of cardboard and turning up the edges. Before any alterations, the piece of cardboard has an area of  $1 \text{ m}^2$ .



Assuming you want the volume of the box to be the maximum it can possibly be, what size should the squares cut from each corner of the cardboard be?

**Students must have knowledge of local maxima/minima before attempting.**

Let  $x$  represent the length of a side of the square cut from a corner.



Express the volume  $V$  of the box as a function of  $x$ :

$$\begin{aligned} V(x) &= (1 - 2x)(1 - 2x)x \\ &= x - 4x^2 + 4x^3 \end{aligned}$$

Finding  $V'(x) = 1 - 8x + 12x^2$  and solving:

$$1 - 8x + 12x^2 = 0$$

$$(1 - 6x)(1 - 2x) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{1}{6} \text{ m or } x = \frac{1}{2} \text{ m}$$

We cannot cut  $\frac{1}{2}$  m off each corner because the cardboard is only 1 m square, so this leaves us with  $\frac{1}{6}$  m.

Therefore, the maximum volume is when  $x = \frac{1}{6}$  m. This gives a volume of:

$$\begin{aligned} V\left(\frac{1}{6}\right) &= \left(1 - \frac{2}{6}\right)\left(1 - \frac{2}{6}\right)\frac{1}{6} \\ &= \frac{2}{27} \text{ m}^3 \end{aligned}$$