

# Practice paper 1

Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. In particular, solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working, e.g. if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

## Section A

**1** Find the angle between the planes  $x - 2y - z = 1$  and  $2x - y + z = 3$ .

[Maximum mark: 5]

[illegible]

[Maximum mark: 6]

**a**  $f(x) = x \sin^3 x$

**b**  $g(x) = \sqrt[3]{\frac{e^{x^2} + 1}{x}}$

[illegible]

[Maximum mark: 6]

**3** Find the following limits:

**a**  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{2x^2 - 5x + 2}{3x^2 - 4x - 4}$

**b**  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 3x}{2x}$

[illegible]

- [Maximum mark: 7]

[illegible]

- [Maximum mark: 5]

[illegible]

- 6** The largest vertical cross section of a cylinder has a diagonal of 6 cm. Find the radius of the base of the cylinder so that the cylinder has a maximum volume.

[Maximum mark: 6]

[illegible]

- [Maximum mark: 7]

[illegible]



**8** Solve the exponential equation  $2 \times 25^x = 3 \times 10^x + 5 \times 4^x$ .

[Maximum mark: 6]

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- [Maximum mark: 6]

**b**  $\log x$ [illegible]

**10** Solve the simultaneous equations for  $x$  and  $y$  leaving your answers in terms of  $\alpha$ .

$$\begin{cases} \sin \alpha \cdot x - \cos \alpha \cdot y = 1 \\ \cos \alpha \cdot x + \sin \alpha \cdot y = 1 \end{cases}, \alpha \in \mathbb{R}$$

Explain why the system always has a unique solution.

[Maximum mark: 6]

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## Section B

**11** Consider the function  $f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 2x^2 + 5}{x^2 - x^3}$ .

[Maximum mark: 10]

- Determine the domain of the function  $f$ .
- Find the horizontal asymptote of the graph of the function.
- Find any points where the graph of the function intersects its horizontal asymptote.

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**12 a** Use the method of integration by parts to show the following formula:

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^n(x) \, dx = \frac{n-1}{n} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n-2}(x) \, dx.$$

**b** Hence find the integral  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^4(x) \, dx$ .

[Maximum mark: 12]

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**13 a** Use mathematical induction to prove that  $\sum_{r=1}^n (3r-1) = \frac{1}{2}n(3n+1)$ .

**b** Hence or otherwise find the sum

$$1 - 2 + 3 + 4 - 5 + \dots + (3n - 2) - (3n - 1) + 3n$$

[Maximum mark: 14]

[illegible]



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- [Maximum mark: 24]

- iii  $(\omega)^3 = (\omega^*)^3 = 1$

**i**  $1 + \omega$    **ii**  $1 + \omega^*$

**f** Hence show that  $\binom{3n}{0} + \binom{3n}{3} + \binom{3n}{6} + \dots + \binom{3n}{3n} = \frac{2^{3n} + 2 \cos(n\pi)}{3}$ .

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