



GEOGRAPHY
HIGHER LEVEL AND STANDARD LEVEL
PAPER 2 – RESOURCES BOOKLET

Thursday 16 November 2006 (morning)

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this resources booklet until instructed to do so.
- Use the resources as appropriate to the questions in paper 2.

C11. Topographic mapping

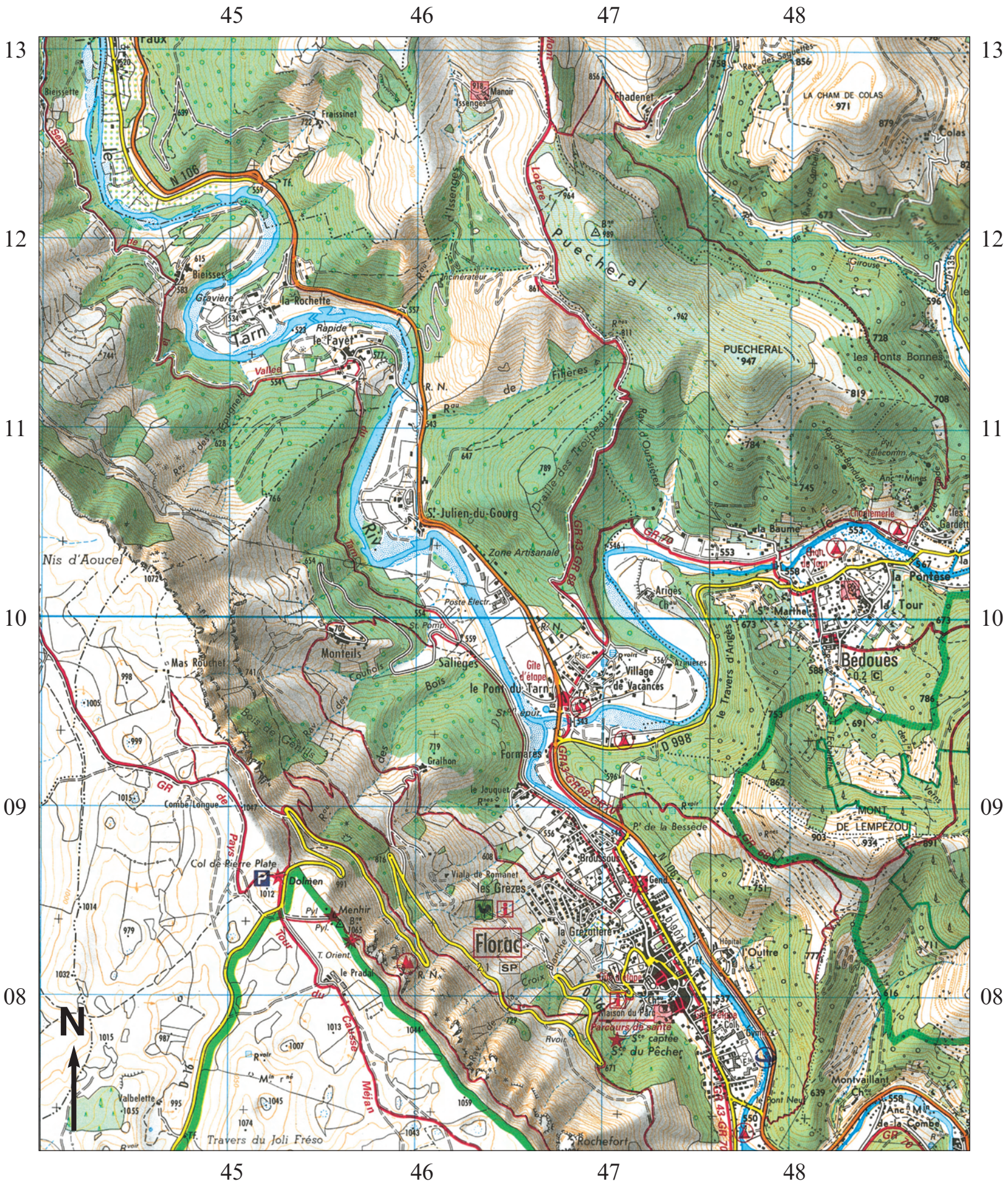
The aerial photograph below shows the small town of Florac. The map extract opposite shows Florac and its surrounding area in the Cévennes region of south-west France. Tourism is improving the economy of this region after decades of rural depopulation.



[Source: Photo Michel Berger, tiré du livre *Plein ciel sur les Gorges du Tarn et de la Jonte*]

MAP LEGEND

Motorway: tollgate, service areas, resting areas		Railway: double track, single track. Electrified railway. Narrow gauge track	
Dual carriageway		Railway: rack-railway, abandoned, dismantled	
Road of very good viability (3 lanes and more)		Electricity transmission line. Aerial cableway. Ski-lift or chair-lift	
Road of good viability (2 wide lanes)		Communal population in thousands. State boundary with monuments	
Road of average viability (2 narrow lanes)		Boundary and chief town of département, of arrondissement	
Narrow road regularly maintained		Boundary and chief town of canton, of commune	
Other narrow road: regularly maintained, not regularly maintained		Military camp boundary, boundary of artillery range restricted zone	
Cart track. Footpath		State forest boundary. Boundary of nature park, of outer protected zone..	
Road under construction. Road tunnel		Triangulation station. Church. Chapel, oratory. Calvary. Monument. Cemetery	
Road: on embankment, in cutting. Road and track lined with trees		Isolated tower, keep. Entrance to underground excavation. Cave dwelling. Ruins	
Earth bank. Unidentified linear feature. Hedge		Oil storage tank. Chimney. Wind pump. Pylon. Quarry	
		Megalithic monument: dolmen, menhir. Viewpoint. Campsite	



MAP LEGEND (continued)

Signposted route along footpath (GR, other) (1), out of footpath (2)	
Interesting unsignposted route along footpath	
Cross-country or high mountain skiing route	
Hard part of hiking trail	
Ski-lift and chair-lift to be used in summer	
Boundary of restricted zone	
Refuge hut or overnight stopping place with keeper, without keeper. Shelter	
Campsite. Riding centre. Climbing site with facilities. Hang-gliding area ..	
Leisure area. Tennis. Golf	
Cross-country skiing centre. Yachting harbour. Anchorage. Sailing sports	
Canoeing (launching place). Swimming-pool. Bathing-place	
Resort with tourist interest	
City of artistic interest. Spa, openair, winter sports, seaside resort	
Town of tourist interest, activity centre, notable site or building	
Notable monument. Diverse place of interest. Tourist information centre	
Station or stopping-place open to passenger traffic	
Prohibited road for motor vehicles. Parking area	
Means of civil security (perennial or seasonal)	
Police station. Isolated telephone station	

Town hall. Covered market, shed, glasshouse. Fort. Blockhouse	
Sports ground. Tennis. Refuge. Ski jump	
Bridge. Footbridge. Ford. Ferry	
Perennial body of water. Area liable to flooding. Marsh or swamp	
Spring. Fountain. Well. Cistern. Water tower. Water tank	
Stream lined with trees. Cascade. Dam. Dike	
Navigable canal, feeder. Lock. Underground canal	
Aqueduct: surface, elevated, underground	
Lighthouse. Light. Lightship. Wreck	
Semaphore. Beacon. Depth contours are taken from the SHOM maps	
Contours at 10 m vertical interval. Depression. Slope	
Deciduous wood	
Coniferous wood	
Deciduous and coniferous	
Brushwood	
Orchard, plantation	
Vine	
Rice field	

SCALE FOR MAP 1:25 000



CONTOUR INTERVAL 10 METRES

A2. Coasts and their management

- (b) The photograph shows a structure known as a revetment. It was constructed to prevent coastal erosion.

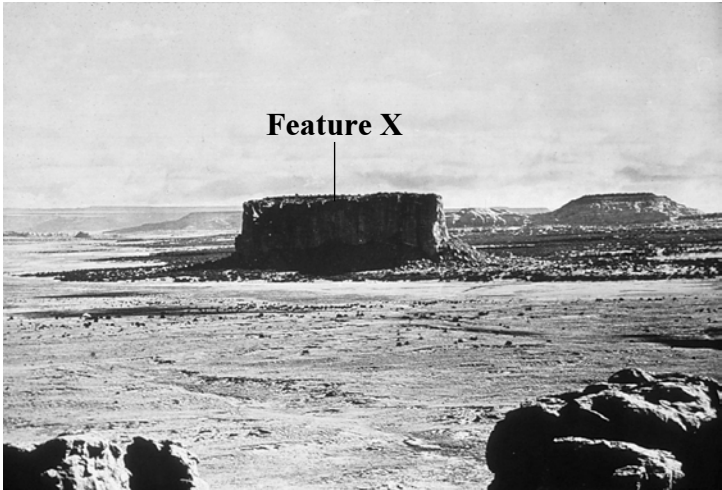


[Source: www.usna.edu/NADE/courses/en420/ketterer/10.htm]

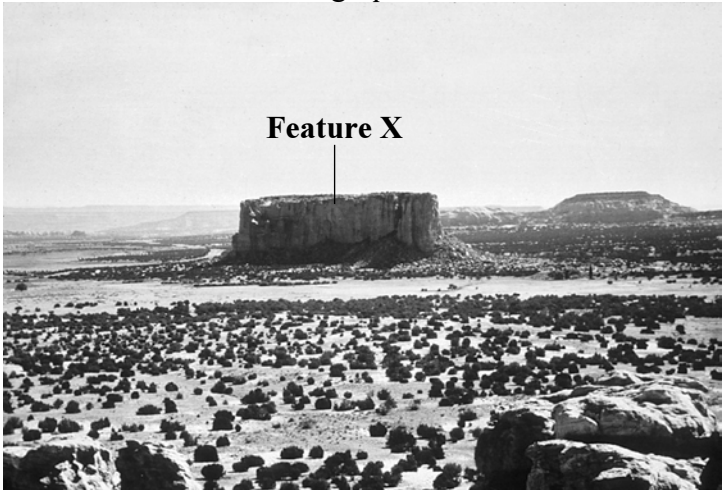
A3. Arid environments and their management

- (b) The photographs below are of the same area in south-west USA. Photograph A was taken in 1899 and photograph B was taken in 1997.

Photograph A



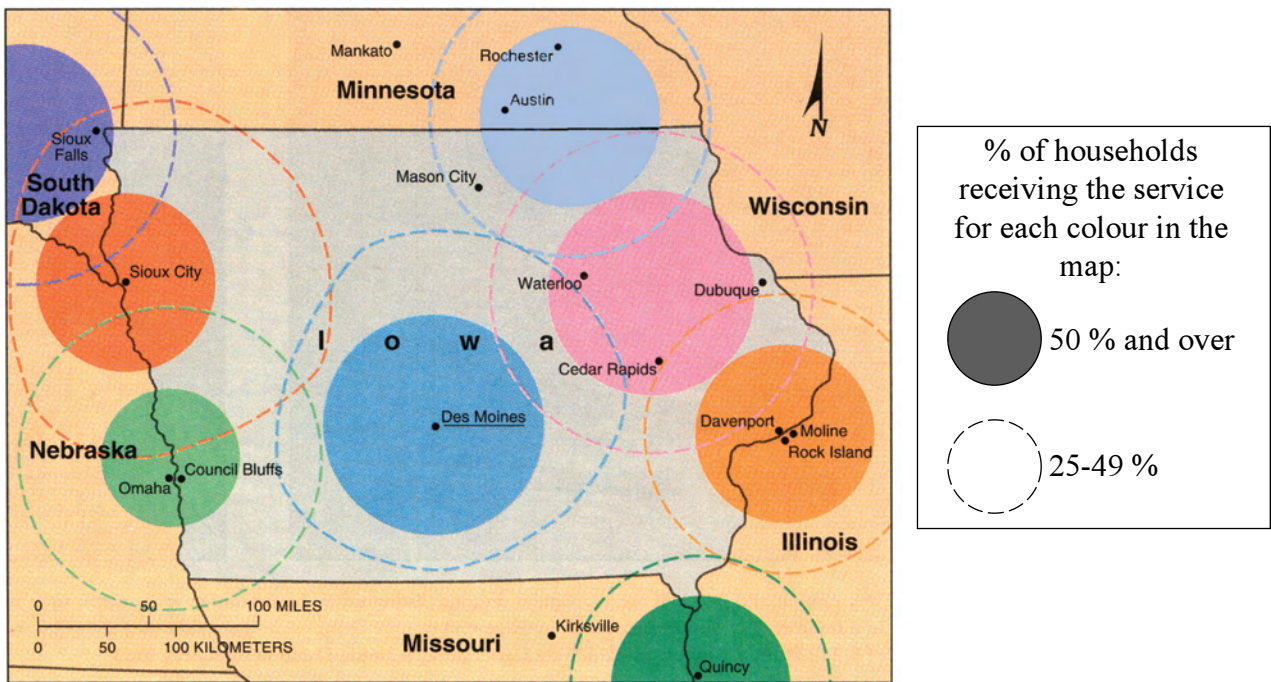
Photograph B



[Source: http://geochange.er.usgs.gov/sw/impacts/biology/photo_pairs/figure6_7_8_9.html]

B7. Contemporary issues in geographical regions

- (b) The map shows the single feature regions for the suppliers of a particular household service in the state of Iowa, USA.



[Source: J M Rubenstein (1996), *The cultural landscape, an introduction to human geography*]