



88145201



**GEOGRAPHY**  
**HIGHER LEVEL AND STANDARD LEVEL**  
**PAPER 1**

Monday 17 November 2014 (afternoon)

1 hour 30 minutes

Candidate session number

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Examination code

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## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Section A: answer all questions.
- Section B: answer one question.
- Write your answers on the lines in the boxes provided. If you need to continue your answer, use the blank space immediately below the lines provided in the box.
- Use examples, maps and/or diagrams where relevant.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is [60 marks].



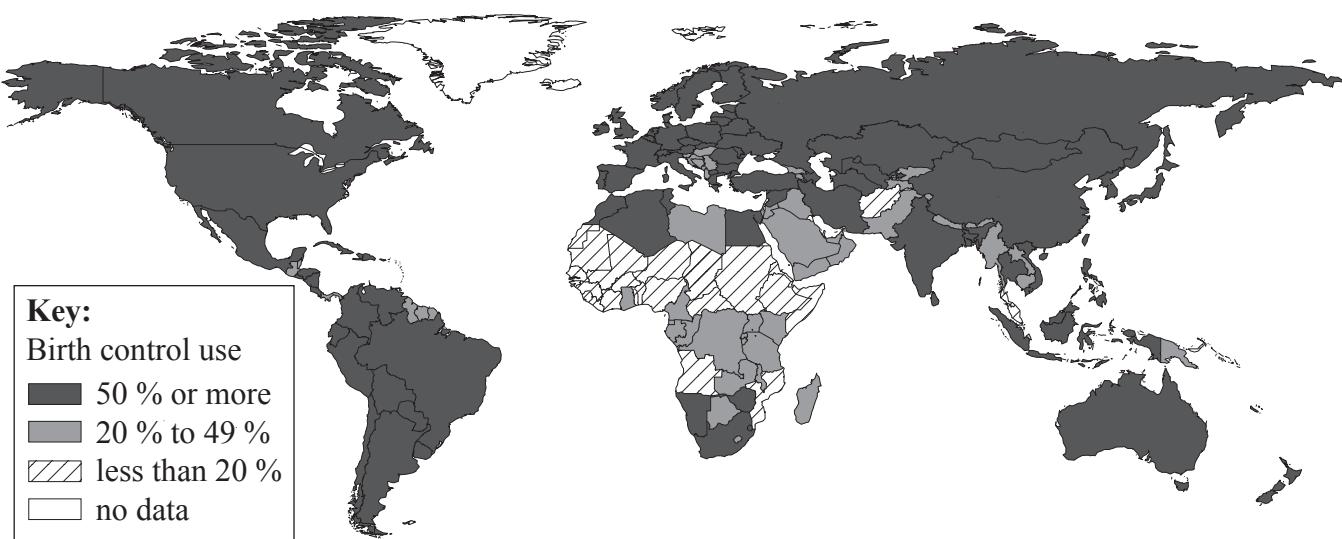
20EP01

**Core Theme – Patterns and Change****SECTION A**

Answer **all** questions. Write your answers on the lines in the boxes provided. If you need to continue your answer, use the blank space immediately below the lines provided in the box.

**1. Populations in transition**

The map shows the percentage of women aged between 15 and 49 who are using some type of birth control.

**Key:**

- Birth control use
- 50 % or more
- 20 % to 49 %
- less than 20 %
- no data

**FT**

[Source: Andrew Jack 2012, Bottlenecks that block the chain of supply, *Financial Times Health*, 9 July.  
Used under licence from the *Financial Times*. All rights reserved.]

(This question continues on the following page)



20EP02

*(Question 1 continued)*

- (a) Describe the global pattern of birth control use shown on the map.

[4]

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20EP03

Turn over

*(Question 1 continued)*

- (b) Suggest **two** reasons why the percentage of women using some type of birth control is low in some countries. [2+2]

1. ....

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2. ....

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- (c) Explain **two** reasons why the Crude Death Rate is falling in most low-income countries. [2+2]

1. ....

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2. ....

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20EP04

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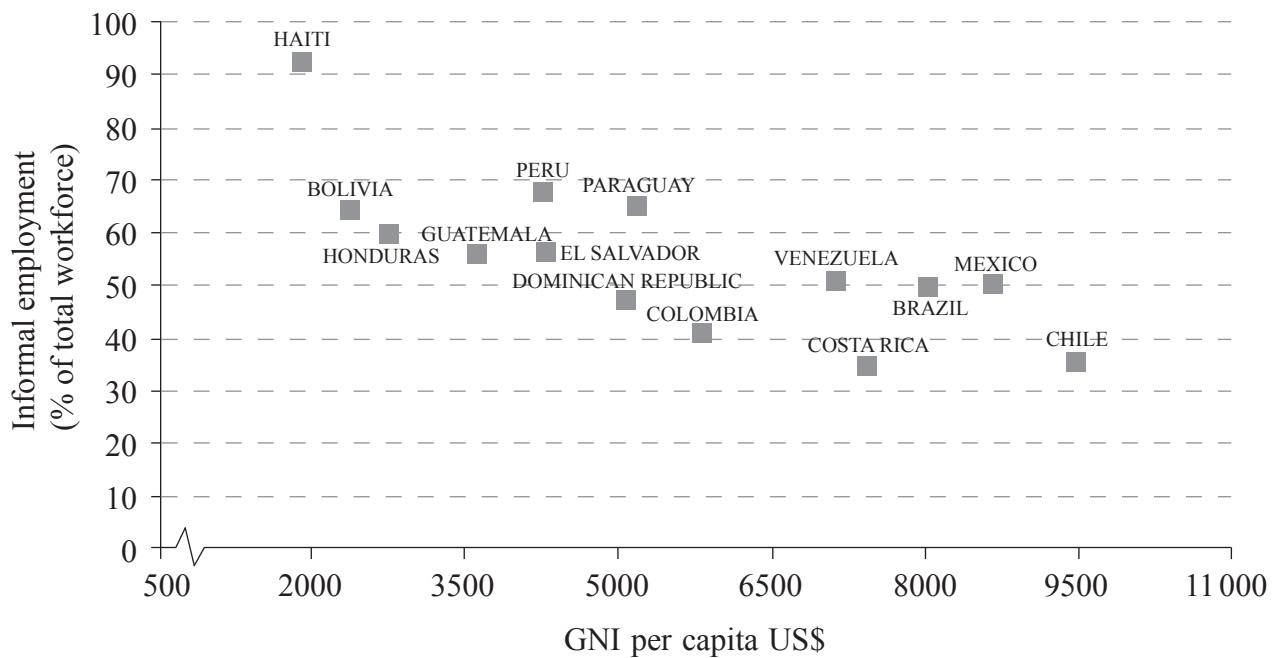


20EP05

Turn over

## 2. Disparities in wealth and development

The graph below shows the relationship between GNI per capita in US\$ and the percentage of the workforce who work in informal employment, for a selection of Latin American countries in 2012.



[Source: adapted from [www.latameconomy.org](http://www.latameconomy.org)]

- (a) (i) Describe the relationship shown on the graph.

[3]

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20EP06

*(Question 2 continued)*

- (ii) Suggest **two** possible reasons for this relationship.

[2+2]

1. ....
2. ....

- (b) Briefly explain how debt relief can reduce global disparities.

[4]

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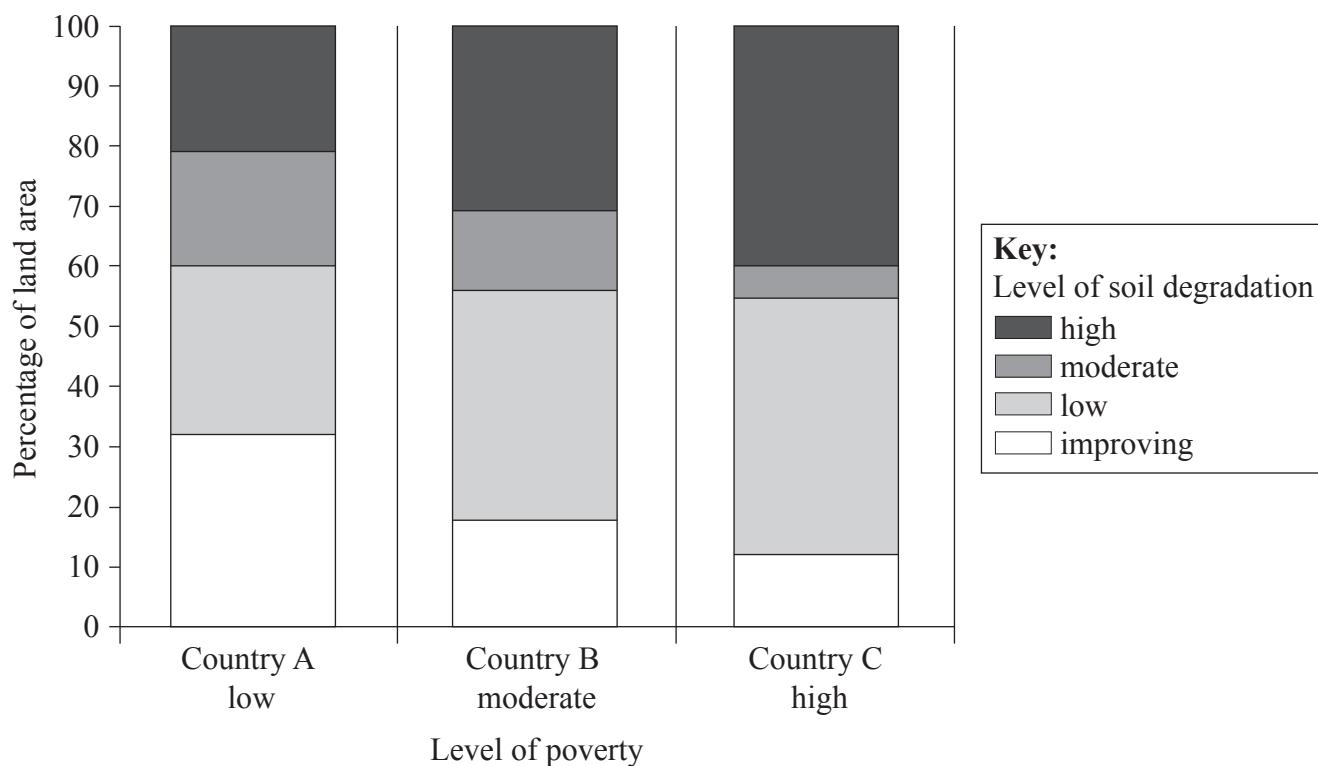


20EP07

Turn over

### 3. Patterns in environmental quality and sustainability

The diagram shows the level of poverty and the level of soil degradation in three countries.



[Source: adapted from FAO (2011), *The state of the world's land and water resources for food and agriculture (SOLAW) – Managing systems at risk*. Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, Rome and Earthscan, London.  
Reproduced with permission.]

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*(Question 3 continued)*

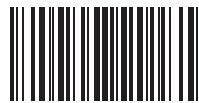
- (a) Describe the relationship between the level of poverty and the level of soil degradation shown on the diagram. [3]

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- (b) Explain **one** strategy that has been successful in reducing soil degradation. [3]

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20EP09

Turn over

*(Question 3 continued)*

- (c) Explain the importance of maintaining biodiversity in tropical rainforests. [5]

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20EP10

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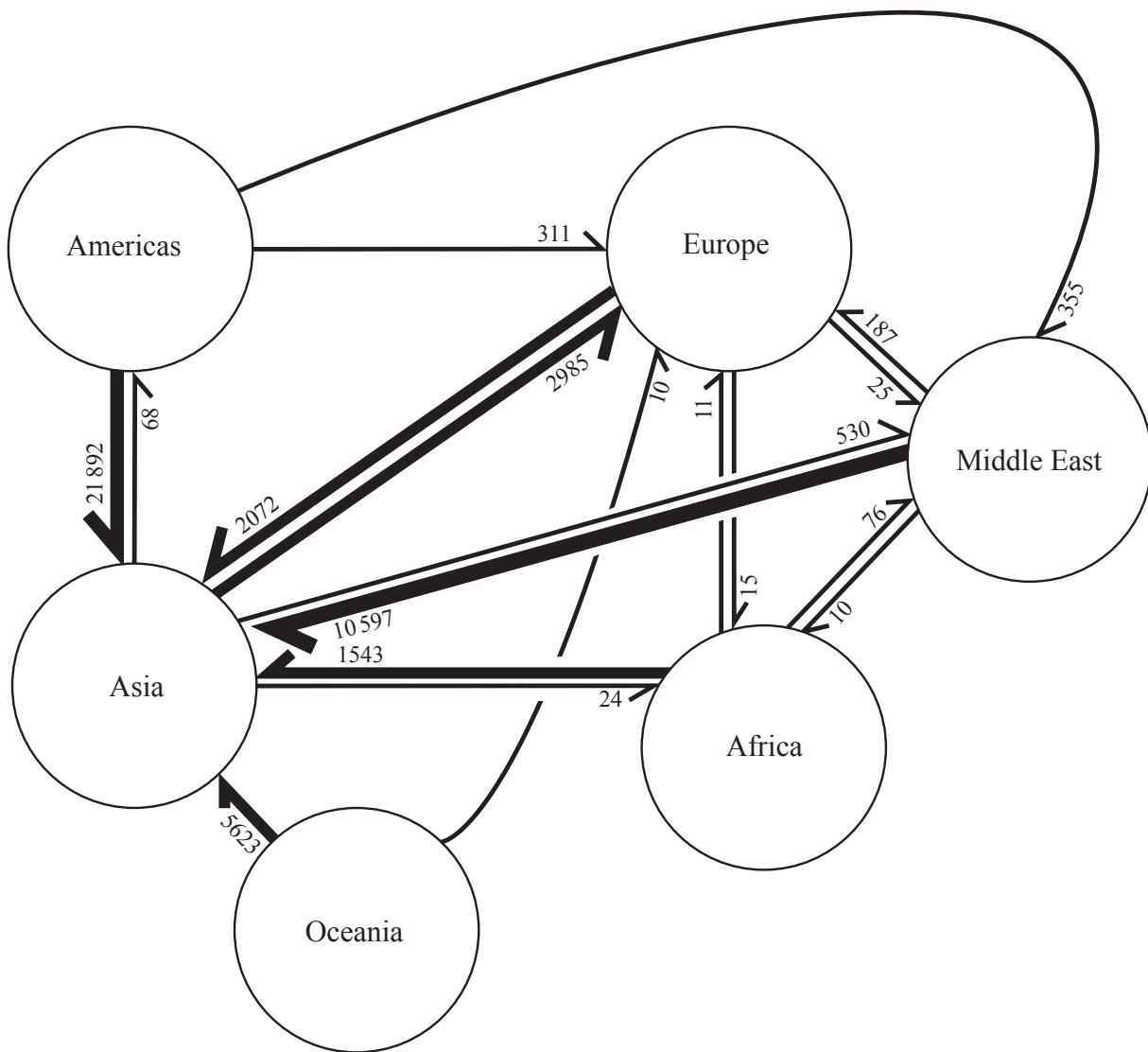


20EP11

Turn over

#### 4. Patterns in resource consumption

The diagram shows the international movement of e-waste\*. The numbers indicate the volume in metric tons. The arrows indicate the direction of movement and their width is proportional to the volume of movement.



[Source: adapted from J Lepawsky and C McNabb, (2010), Mapping international flows of electronic waste.

*The Canadian Geographer / Le Géographe canadien* 54 (2), pages 177–195

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\* e-waste: electronic waste including computers, printers, cell phones, etc

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*(Question 4 continued)*

- (a) With reference to the diagram, describe the movement of e-waste into **and** out of Asia. [4]

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20EP13

Turn over

*(Question 4 continued)*

- (b) Briefly explain the limitations of recycling as a strategy to reduce global resource consumption. [3]

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20EP14

*(Question 4 continued)*

- (c) Explain the neo-Malthusian view of the relationship between population size and resource consumption. [4]

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20EP15

Turn over

## SECTION B

*Answer **one** question. Write your answer on the lines in the box provided.*

5. Referring to **one or more** countries, discuss the view that internal (national) migration can help to reduce economic and social disparities. [15]
6. “We still have the resources to live as wastefully as we want.” Discuss this statement. [15]
7. “The Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) are unlikely to be achieved without a dramatic increase in global energy consumption.” Discuss this statement. [15]

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