

Markscheme

November 2018

Biology

Standard level

Paper 3



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Section A

C	Questi	on	Answers	Notes	Total	
1.	а		to remove any starch already in the leaf OR so any starch found in the leaf was made during the experiment OR to prevent further production of starch ✓		1	
1.	b	i	X AND Y ✓	Both needed	1	
1.	b	ii	W AND X ✓	Both needed	1	
1.	b	iii	 pro (yes it could be evidence): a. starch is a product of photosynthesis ✓ con (not necessarily evidence): b. starch could be made elsewhere «in the plant» and transported to/stored in leaves OR starch could be made by another process «other than photosynthesis» OR starch is being detected although glucose is the direct product ✓ limitations of experiment: c. starch depletion may take more than 24 hours «of dark» OR starch production may take more than 6 hours «of light» OR starch should have been measured before and after ✓ 	OWTTE	2 max	

(continued...)

(Question 1 continued)

C	uesti	on	Answers	Notes	Total
1.	С	i	sketch showing 2 peaks at either end of the spectrum	Rate 400 450 500 550 600 650 700 Wavelength of light	1
1.	С	ii	it would be a straight line/have no peaks OR no photosynthesis ✓	Accept a labelled horizontal line in the bottom third of the y-axis. Do not accept "lower line" or "lower photosynthesis"	
1.	d		«having the leaf partly white would be» no selective advantage/cannot compete OR natural selection would reduce the frequency of the mutation causing variegated leaves OR occur due to artificial selection ✓	Some reference to evolution or natural selection required Do not accept reference to photosynthesis alone	1

C	Questio	n Answers	Notes	Total	
2.	а	12 breaths per minute/6 litres per minute ✓	breaths per minute. Accept answers from 5.5 to 6 litres per minute. Answer must include breaths or litres and a standard unit of time. Correct: eg: 12 breaths / minute eg: 0.1 L sec ⁻¹ or 6 L min ⁻¹	1	
2.	b	 a. the volume of air per breath increases	Incorrect: eg: but 12 breaths = 0 marks	2 max	
2.	С	«total resting lung volume» would be greater ✓		1	

3.	а	a. telophase ✓	
		b. chromatids/chromosomes have been pulled to the poles of the cell OR «2» new/daughter nuclei forming ✓	rtokinesis 2
3.	b	0.3 or 30 % ✓	1

Section B

Option A — Neurobiology and behaviour

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
4.	а	1000 ✓	Working not required	1
4.	b	a. skeletal muscle uses more total energy than the brain ✓	Accept numerical answers if comparative terms are used	
		 b. the brain uses more energy per kg than skeletal muscle OR the brain has higher metabolic rate ✓ 		2
4.	С	a. «brain requires more» energy to maintain a proper ionic balance/homeostasis/active transport ✓		
		b. «brain requires more» energy for synapses/neurotransmitters ✓		1 max
		c. «brain requires more» energy for thinking and memory ✓		
		d. skeletal muscle active on demand but brain constantly active ✓		
4.	d	a. does not require conscious thought ✓		
		b. can respond to emergency situation and «actively» return the body to normal ✓		0
		c. medulla/brain stem controls involuntary activities ✓		2 max
		d. <i>eg</i> : swallowing/breathing/heart rate √	Accept other valid examples	

C	Question	Answers	Notes	Total
5.	а	 a. «the process shows» the growth of an axon/dendrites/extensions ✓ b. differentiation/forming a specialized neuron ✓ c. responding to a chemical stimulus ✓ 		2 max
5.	b	 a. the neuron forms synapses/multiple connections «with other neurons» OR a neural network forms OR more dendrites ✓ b. some synapses/connections in excess of what is required OR some synapses/connections not used ✓ c. it could be removed by neural pruning/apoptosis ✓ d. it could migrate to another place ✓ 		2 max
5.	С	 a. allows brain to change/adjust/make new synapses throughout lifetime/with experience/learning ✓ b. allows regeneration of neurons after brain trauma OR allows other area «of the brain» to take over a function after brain trauma ✓ c. selective advantage/increases chance of survival ✓ 	OWTTE	1 max

C	uesti	on	Answers	Notes	Total
6.	а	i	visual cortex ✓	Accept any label within the area shown on the image	1
6.	а	ii	pituitary gland √		1
6.	b		 a magnetic field is used to make pictures of brain/organs/structures ✓ b. an fMRI shows changes in blood flow ✓ c. increased blood flow associated with activity in specific areas of the brain ✓ d. performance of task matched with active area of brain ✓ 		2 max

7.	а	pinna/auricle ✓	1
7.	b	a. sound travels in «longitudinal» waves/vibrations ✓	
		b. vibrations in the air cause vibration of the eardrum ✓	
		c. the vibrations/sounds are passed on to the bones/ossicles «of the middle ear» ✓	
		d. the bones amplify the sound/vibrations ✓	4 max
		e. «bones» transmit sound/vibrations to the oval window ✓	
		f. vibration of oval window causes fluid movement in the cochlea «in the inner ear» ✓	
		g. hair cells move with the vibrations/sound ✓	

Option B — Biotechnology and bioinformatics

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
8.	а	phytoene synthase ✓		1
8.	b	a. by detecting a marker/resistance'/sequencing gene ✓	Accept using PCR to detect the marker gene	1
8.	С	 a. «Ti/tumour inducing» plasmid of <i>A. tumefaciens</i>/bacterium causes tumours/galls ✓ b. Ti incorporates genes «of β-carotene synthesis»		3 max

9.	а	a. amylopectin is «more» branched/has 1,6 bonds OR amylopectin is less soluble in water ✓ b. both made up of glucose OR both are polysaccharides OR both are helical in shape OR both contain glycosidic bonds ✓	nents 2 max
9.	b	amflora contains «almost» no amylose/«almost» all amylopectin ✓	1

(continued...)

(Question 9 continued)

Q	uestic	on	Answers	Notes	Total
9.	С		used in the paper/glue/textile/concrete industry ✔		1
9.	d				
			a. encourages monocultures/reducing biodiversity ✓		
			b. may reduce natural resistance to pests/disease √		4
			c. may cross-pollinate with non-GM crops √		1 max
			d. disruption of practices of farming/agricultural land not being used for food production ✓		
			e. crop-to-crop gene flow ✓		

10.	а	AUG ✓	1
10.	b	5′ end contains a phosphate group «on carbon 5» OR 3′ carbon contains a hydroxyl/OH group «on carbon 3» ✓	1
10.	С	a. the gene code occurs in triplets ✓	
		b. the stop codon would not be part of the reading frame ✓	2 max
		c. the code for a polypeptide would contain more codons ✓	
10.	d	 a. bioinformatics is the application of computer technology to biological information <i>OR</i> information is stored in a database <i>OR</i> bioinformatics is used in analyzing genomes ✓ b. allows for searches/comparisons/analysis of ORF/open reading frame ✓ c. the computer searches for a start codon and a stop codon «and within a distance of 60+ codons» ✓ 	2 max

Question	Answers	Notes	Total
Question 11.	a. bacteriophages are viruses of bacteria/prokaryotes ✓ b. each bacteriophage is specific to certain bacterial groups OR they can be used to target specific bacteria ✓ c. can be used in sewage plants OR can kill bacteria that cause water contamination/disinfect water OR can kill bacteria that form biofilms at water purification plants ✓ d. can kill strains resistant to antibiotics OR can kill strains resistant to chlorine/chemical disinfectants ✓ e. «presence of» bacteriophages also act as indicators of bacteria present ✓	Notes	Total
	f. generally not harmful to humans ✓		

Option C — Ecology and conservation

Q	uestion	Answers	Notes	Total
12.	а	1 kg √	Working not required	1
12.	b	120 kg √	Working not required	1
12.	С	 a. small amount of/least food resources used in production ✓ b. high yield means less energy lost in respiration OR high yield means less waste of inedible material ✓ c. other resources/cost of production/nutritional values not mentioned ✓ d. sustainability requires knowledge of the effect on the environment/pollution/contamination of water supply OR sustainability requires minimal use of drugs/chemicals/antibiotics ✓ 	eg: habitat, heating, water	2 max
		e. example of ethical issue √	eg: it may spread diseases to wild population	

Q	uestion	Answers	Notes	Total
13.	а	dragonfly nymph <i>AND</i> midge larva <i>OR</i> all except mayfly ✓	Both needed	1
13.	b	indicator species ✓		1
13.	С	richness is how many species there are in an area while evenness is how similar in number the populations of each species are ✓		1
13.	d	 a. the edge of an ecosystem has different features from the centre ✓ b. the edge has greater biodiversity ✓ c. it is an area of overlap between two ecosystems/habitats ✓ d. it has species from both ecosystems <i>OR</i> it has species not found in either ✓ e. reduction in biodiversity due to human interference ✓ 	eg: amount of wind, light	2 max

Q	uestion	Answers	Notes	Total	
14.	а	Japanese stiltgrass ✓		1	
14.	b	produce seeds which spread when cutting <i>OR</i> avoid vegetative proliferation/cloning <i>OR</i> may provide habitats for other species ✓	Accept any other reasonable answer	1	
14.	С	 a. «biotic» competition with native plants	Accept competition for light/space/water/etc for b	2 max	
		c. reduce competitive exclusion / avoid overlapping niches ✓			
		d. can cause changes to soil ✓	eg: Rhododendrons/conifers acidify the soil, making it difficult for other species to grow		
		e. break/damage/cause death/extinction of native plants ✓	difficult for other species to grow		
14.	d	 a. «control» introduced species should only target alien plants OR «control» introduced species should not outcompete endemic species ✓ 			
		b. should not upset food chains/habitats ✓		2 max	
		c. should have some natural control/predator ✓			
		 d. should not spread outside required area/not become invasive themselves OR field testing for effectiveness ✓ 			

C	uestion	Answers	Notes	Total
15.	а	 «overall» water temperature increasing OR the range of fluctuations increases ✓ 	Do not accept the trend is fluctuating	1
15.	b	 a. the coral and the algae have a symbiotic/mutualistic relationship <i>OR</i> two different organisms live together and depend on each other ✓ b. algae expelled from coral/relationship broken ✓ c. coral produces carbon dioxide from respiration ✓ d. the algae use the carbon dioxide to carry out photosynthesis/produce nutrients ✓ e. without the nutrients from the algae the coral are liable to starve ✓ f. coral dies/is susceptible to disease ✓ 	Do not accept effects on species other than coral	4 max

Option D — Human physiology

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
16.	а	loss of skeletal/heart muscle «containing protein» ✓		1
16.	b	a. adipose tissue has a high energy value √	Accept fat for adipose tissue	
		b. adipose tissue may be lost before affecting body metabolism/homeostasis ✓		2 max
		c. body will use up adipose reserves first before using muscle and organs for energy ✓		
16.	С	a. loss of mass similar in anorexia and starvation ✓		
	b. loss could also be due to disease/feeding difficulties/other disorder/poverty/social unrest ✓			
		c. lack of food intake in anorexia nervosa due to emotional disorder OR desire to lose weight/refusal to eat characteristics of anorexia nervosa ✓		2 max
		d. loss of «cardiac» muscle is characteristics of anorexia nervosa ✓		

17.	а	8 🗸	1
17.	b	a. «paddles/electrodes/defibrillator» deliver an electric shock to the heart ✓	
		b. depolarizes cardiac muscle ✓	2 max
		c. enables the pacemaker/SA node to regain control ✓	
17.	С	a. impulses initiated from the AV node spread across heart ✔	
		b. impulses travel along Purkinje fibres/across ventricles ✓	
		c. causing depolarization of the ventricles OR that triggers ventricular contraction ✓	2 max

C	uestic	on	Answers	Notes	Total
18. a			arrow pointing at an epithelial cell ✓	Accept a bracket label to show the epithelium epithelial cell layer	1
18.	b		 a. microvilli/brush border to increase surface area ✓ b. numerous mitochondria for energy for active transport ✓ c. have transport proteins for specific nutrients ✓ d. single layer of cells/short distance allowing for diffusion ✓ 	Explanation must be included for each characteristic eg: "glucose, amino acids"	2 max

Q	uest	ion	Answers	Notes	Total
19.	а	i	Kupffer cell ✓		1
19.	а	ii	a. ingests red blood cells by phagocytosis ✓		
			 b. splits the hemoglobin into heme «and globin» OR heme group broken down into iron «and bilirubin» OR hemoglobin broken down into iron ✓ c. releases iron for transport ✓ 		2 max
19.	b		 a. the dual supply is the hepatic artery and the hepatic portal vein ✓ b. blood in «hepatic» artery provides oxygen to the liver «tissues» ✓ c. the «hepatic portal» vein carries blood from the gastrointestinal tract/intestines ✓ d. the «hepatic portal» vein carries blood rich in nutrients ✓ e. this allows the nutrients to be stored/processed OR sugar/glucose/glycogen is stored and released in response to hormones ✓ 	Both needed	4 max
			f. prevents osmotic imbalance due to absorbed nutrients in the blood ✓		