

© International Baccalaureate Organization 2023

All rights reserved. No part of this product may be reproduced in any form or by any electronic or mechanical means, including information storage and retrieval systems, without the prior written permission from the IB. Additionally, the license tied with this product prohibits use of any selected files or extracts from this product. Use by third parties, including but not limited to publishers, private teachers, tutoring or study services, preparatory schools, vendors operating curriculum mapping services or teacher resource digital platforms and app developers, whether fee-covered or not, is prohibited and is a criminal offense.

More information on how to request written permission in the form of a license can be obtained from https://ibo.org/become-an-ib-school/ib-publishing/licensing/applying-for-a-license/.

© Organisation du Baccalauréat International 2023

Tous droits réservés. Aucune partie de ce produit ne peut être reproduite sous quelque forme ni par quelque moyen que ce soit, électronique ou mécanique, y compris des systèmes de stockage et de récupération d'informations, sans l'autorisation écrite préalable de l'IB. De plus, la licence associée à ce produit interdit toute utilisation de tout fichier ou extrait sélectionné dans ce produit. L'utilisation par des tiers, y compris, sans toutefois s'y limiter, des éditeurs, des professeurs particuliers, des services de tutorat ou d'aide aux études, des établissements de préparation à l'enseignement supérieur, des fournisseurs de services de planification des programmes d'études, des gestionnaires de plateformes pédagogiques en ligne, et des développeurs d'applications, moyennant paiement ou non, est interdite et constitue une infraction pénale.

Pour plus d'informations sur la procédure à suivre pour obtenir une autorisation écrite sous la forme d'une licence, rendez-vous à l'adresse https://ibo.org/become-an-ib-school/ib-publishing/licensing/applying-for-a-license/.

© Organización del Bachillerato Internacional, 2023

Todos los derechos reservados. No se podrá reproducir ninguna parte de este producto de ninguna forma ni por ningún medio electrónico o mecánico, incluidos los sistemas de almacenamiento y recuperación de información, sin la previa autorización por escrito del IB. Además, la licencia vinculada a este producto prohíbe el uso de todo archivo o fragmento seleccionado de este producto. El uso por parte de terceros —lo que incluye, a título enunciativo, editoriales, profesores particulares, servicios de apoyo académico o ayuda para el estudio, colegios preparatorios, desarrolladores de aplicaciones y entidades que presten servicios de planificación curricular u ofrezcan recursos para docentes mediante plataformas digitales—, ya sea incluido en tasas o no, está prohibido y constituye un delito.

En este enlace encontrará más información sobre cómo solicitar una autorización por escrito en forma de licencia: https://ibo.org/become-an-ib-school/ib-publishing/licensing/applying-for-a-license/.





Sports, exercise and health science Higher level Paper 2

26 October 2023

Zone A afternoon Zone B afternoon Zone C afternoon	(Cano	didat	e se	essio	n nu	mbe	r	
2 hours 15 minutes									

Instructions to candidates

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Section A: answer all questions.
- · Section B: answer two questions.
- Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- A calculator is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is [90 marks].

205704

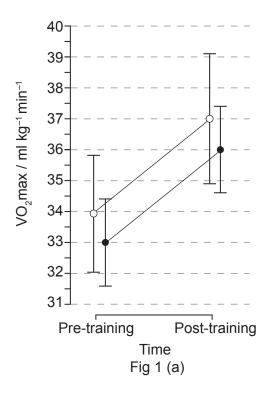


Section A

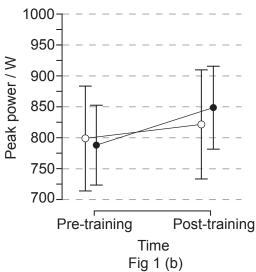
Answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.

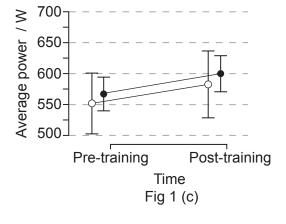
1. A study investigated the performance of cyclists in VO₂max and peak power tests after performing high-intensity interval training (HIIT) for four weeks. One group completed the training while wearing an elevation mask (EM). A different control group completed the same training without the use of a mask. EMs are designed to simulate oxygen levels that would be experienced at higher altitudes. Results (mean and standard deviation) pre- and post-training for the tests are shown in **Figure 1**.

Figure 1: (a) VO₂max, (b) peak power, and (c) average power for individual tests



Key ○ Control group • EM group







(a)	State the peak power, in W, for the EM group post-training.	[
(b)	Calculate the mean change in VO ₂ max, in ml kg ⁻¹ min ⁻¹ , for the EM group from pre-training to post-training.	[
(c)	The coefficient of variation is the ratio of the standard deviation to the mean expressed as a percentage. Compare and contrast the coefficients of variation of the data represented in Figure 1 .	[
(d)	With reference to Figure 1(b) and Figure 1(c) , compare and contrast the reliability of the results for the peak power and average power data.	[



Turn over

(Question 1 continued)

(e) Deduce the effect of wearing an EM on the cyclists' performance in the tests.	[3]
(f) (i) State why randomization was used to assign participants to the EM and control groups.	[1]
(ii) Outline the importance of using control groups to compare data before and after intervention.	[2]



2.	(a)	State the role of the immune system in maintaining the health of an athlete.	[1]
	(b)	An elite endurance athlete has planned a high volume of intense training during a cold winter. Outline two of the athlete's immune responses to this prolonged period of training.	[2]

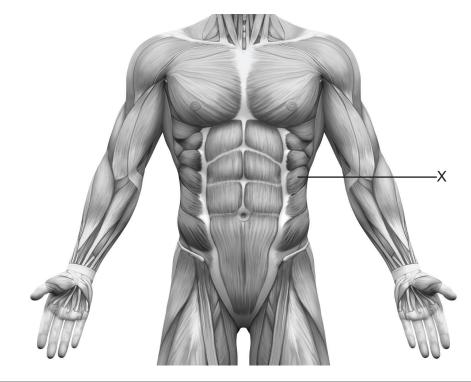


- 3. An 18-year-old female is training for a 10 km race.
 - (a) Outline **one** role of the brain stem and **one** role of the diencephalon during a training session.

[2]

 $\mbox{(b)} \quad \mbox{Identify the muscle group X}.$

[1]



Х	 	 	 	 	 		 		 	 				 	 		 	 	
	 	 	 	 	 		 	٠.	 	 ٠.	٠.	٠.		 	 ٠.		 	 	

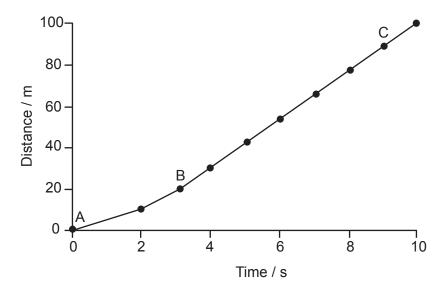


(Question 3 continued)

(c)	Explain the role of ventilatory muscles during inspiration when running a 10 km race.	[4]
(d)	Distinguish between the recommended carbohydrate intake of a trained 10 km runner and a sedentary individual.	[1]
(e)	Insulin and exercise regulate muscle glucose levels. Explain the role of muscular contraction on muscle glucose uptake during a run.	[4]



4. The diagram shows a distance—time graph for a 100 m sprinter.



(a) Analyse the graph between

(i)	A–B.	[1]

	(ii))	B-	-C.																			[1]

(b) Compare and contrast the feedback loops involved in motor programmes for a novice and an experienced gymnast. [3]



(Question 4 continued)

(0	·)	O	utii	HE	П	۷۷۷	C,	(CI	CI	SII	ıy	U	ut	SIC	ıc	Co	211	Ш	ICI	Cc	150	- c	111	aı	.111	CI	= 3	> V	Ila	1111	111	ט	IC	٧C	15.					L ²	-]
																																									1
		٠.	٠.	٠.	٠.		٠.	٠.								٠.	٠			•		٠.	٠			•		٠.										 ٠.			
		• •							•								•			•			•			•							•			 •	 •	 	•		



- 10 - 8823-6602

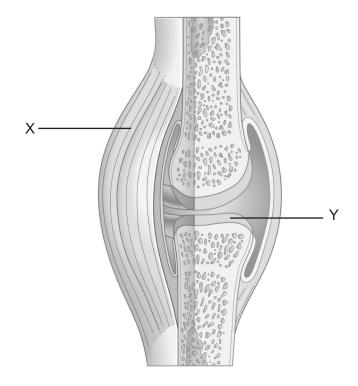
Please do not write on this page.

Answers written on this page will not be marked.



[4]

5. The diagram shows a synovial joint.



(a)	Annotate the structures X and Y in the synovial joint.	
(a)	Annotate the structures A and 1 in the symbolian join	ι.

Structure Annotation

X

Y

(b)	Using named muscles, analyse how muscles work in pairs to coordinate knee	
	extension when kicking a ball.	[2]

6.	(a)	Appl	y the following components of fitness to a sport of your choice:	
		(i)	Flexibility	[1]
		(ii)	Speed	[1]
		(iii)	Muscular endurance	[1]
	(b)		el the diagram to show the relevant forces acting on a person running at stant velocity.	[4]
			direction of travel	



(Question 6 continued)

(c)		SI	19	<u> </u>	 _	 _	_	۲	_	-	_	-	110	ا ا	-	_	_	-	u	_	-	- -	-	_	-I	10	 .5	_	_	9	-11	_	 _	_	 _	 -	9	 _	_	аt	_	_	_	<u>.</u>		
	٠.					 															-						-																			
	٠.																				-						-																			
	٠.																				-						-																			
				-	 -																																									



Turn over

[5]

Section B

Answer **two** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.

- 7. (a) Apply the phase analysis model to a penalty kick in soccer. [4]
 - (b) Discuss the contribution of environmental factors to the performance of an elite weightlifter. [4]
 - (c) Explain gaseous exchange at the alveoli in a cyclist competing in a road race. [6]
 - (d) Outline the pathway of a red blood cell once it is saturated with oxygen in the pulmonary capillary and arrives at the capillaries of the systemic system. [6]
- 8. (a) The brain predominantly receives energy through aerobic respiration. Describe the challenge of supplying energy to the brain cells. [3]
 - (b) During a period of recovery, the body repairs and builds tissues. Explain how the hypothalamus regulates the pituitary gland. [6]
 - (c) Explain how a rugby player can change the position of their centre of mass to increase their stability as they prepare to make a tackle. [5]
 - (d) An athlete runs a 400 metre race in 60 seconds. Describe the re-synthesis of ATP during this race. [6]
- **9.** (a) Outline **four** strategies an athlete can adopt while training from home to minimize their risk of infection. [4]
 - (b) Using examples, suggest how a coach can use task and environmental constraints to introduce field hockey to young novice players. [5]
 - (c) The image shows a biathlete rifle shooting at a stationary target during a biathlon. A biathlon involves shooting at targets at multiple locations along a cross-country skiing course.



- Apply the skill classification continuum to one rifle shot performed by a biathlete.
- (d) Evaluate the use of Cooper's 12-minute run test to assess the fitness of a soccer team. [6]



 - 15 8823-6602

10.	(a)	marathon runner and a 100 m sprinter.	[5]
	(b)	Outline how surface and wave drag affect the performance of a swimmer and how they can be reduced.	[4]
	(c)	Discuss the factors affecting fatigue during 100 m sprint training.	[5]
	(d)	An athletics coach is teaching a group of novices how to perform long jump. Explain how the coach could present the skill using two different methods.	[6]



Turn over









Disclaimer:

Content used in IB assessments is taken from authentic, third-party sources. The views expressed within them belong to their individual authors and/or publishers and do not necessarily reflect the views of the IB.

References:

- 3. Decade2d, n.d. [Redacted] *Muscles Anatomy Muscles isolated on white stock photo*. [image online] Available at: https://www.gettyimages.co.uk/ [Accessed 21 April 2023].
- 5. Kindersley, D., n.d. *Cross section biomedical illustration of synovial joint stock illustration*. [image online] Available at: https://www.gettyimages.co.uk/detail/illustration/cross-section-biomedical-illustration-of-royalty-free-illustration/150955126?adppopup=true [Accessed 21 April 2023].
- **6.** Msan10, n.d., *Running men, set of vector silhouettes, group of people stock illustration.* [image online] Available at: https://www.gettyimages.co.uk/detail/illustration/running-men-set-of-vector-silhouettes-group-royalty-free-illustration/1300502602 [Accessed 21 April 2023].
- 9. Technotr, n.d. *Young women shooting during biathlon competition stock photo*. [image online] Available at: https://www.gettyimages.co.uk/detail/photo/young-women-shooting-during-biathlon-competition-royalty-free-image /185090207?phrase=young+woman+shooting+during+biathlon&adppopup=true [Accessed 21 April 2023].

All other texts, graphics and illustrations © International Baccalaureate Organization 2023

