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## HL Paper 2

The company *Fresh Water* produces one-litre bottles of mineral water. The company wants to determine the amount of magnesium, in milligrams, in these bottles.

A random sample of ten bottles is analysed and the results are as follows:

6.7, 7.2, 6.7, 6.8, 6.9, 7.0, 6.8, 6.6, 7.1, 7.3.

Find unbiased estimates of the mean and variance of the amount of magnesium in the one-litre bottles.

## Markscheme

$$\bar{m} = \frac{6.7+7.2+\dots+7.3}{10} = 6.91 \quad (M1)A1$$

$$s^2_{n-1} = \frac{1}{9} \left( (6.7 - 6.91)^2 + \dots + (7.3 - 6.91)^2 \right) \quad (M1)$$
$$= \frac{0.489}{9} = 0.0543 \text{ (3 sf)} \quad A1$$

**Note:** Award *M1A0* for 0.233.

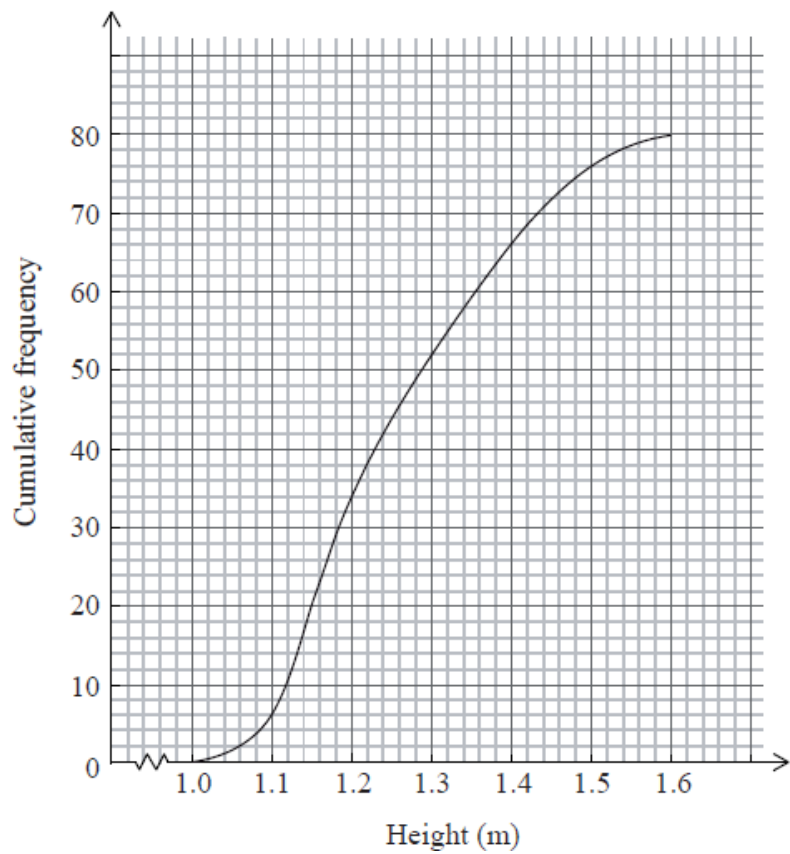
[4 marks]

## Examiners report

Most candidates used a GDC to answer this question and many scored full marks in this question. However there were a significant number of candidates who showed little understanding of the meaning of unbiased estimate. In some cases, candidates wasted time by attempting to calculate the required values by hand.

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The heights of all the new boys starting at a school were measured and the following cumulative frequency graph was produced.



a. Complete the grouped frequency table for these data. [2]

Interval	Frequency
]1.0, 1.1]	
]1.1, 1.2]	
]1.2, 1.3]	
]1.3, 1.4]	
]1.4, 1.5]	
]1.5, 1.6]	

b. Estimate the mean and standard deviation of the heights of these 80 boys. [2]

c. Explain briefly whether or not the normal distribution provides a suitable model for this population. [2]

# Markscheme

a.

Interval	Frequency
]1.0, 1.1]	6
]1.1, 1.2]	28
]1.2, 1.3]	18
]1.3, 1.4]	14
]1.4, 1.5]	10
]1.5, 1.6]	4

A2

[2 marks]

b.  $\mu = 1.26, \sigma = 0.133$  A1A1

[2 marks]

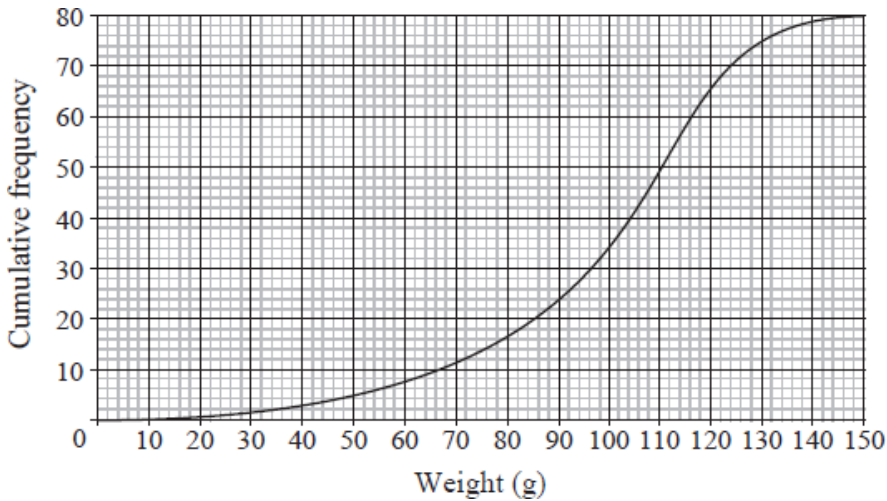
c. no because the normal distribution is symmetric and these data are not **R2**

[2 marks]

# Examiners report

- a. [N/A]
- b. [N/A]
- c. [N/A]

The cumulative frequency graph below represents the weight in grams of 80 apples picked from a particular tree.



- a. Estimate the [2]
  - (i) median weight of the apples;
  - (ii) 30<sup>th</sup> percentile of the weight of the apples.
- b. Estimate the number of apples which weigh more than 110 grams. [2]

# Markscheme

- a. (i) median = 104 grams **AI**  
**Note:** Accept 105.

- (ii) 30<sup>th</sup> percentile = 90 grams **AI**  
[2 marks]

- b. 80 – 49 **(M1)**  
= 31 **AI**

**Note:** Accept answers 30 to 32.

[2 marks]

# Examiners report

- a. On a very straightforward question there were many correct answers. However, there was evidence that some candidates had not previously encountered cumulative frequency graphs and hence scored low marks on the question.
  - b. On a very straightforward question there were many correct answers. However, there was evidence that some candidates had not previously encountered cumulative frequency graphs and hence scored low marks on the question.
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