

Business activity

Revision questions

- 1 a) From the following list, decide which items are human needs and which are wants:
 - luxury house
 - shelter
 - Coca-Cola
 - car
 - clean water
 - designer jeans
 - clothing.
 - [3] **b)** Explain briefly the reasons for your decisions in **a)**. [3]
- **2** Explain what is meant by *scarcity* when referring to the economic problem.
- **3** List the **four** factors of production and explain briefly why each is necessary for production to take place.
- **4** Explain, with the aid of an example, what the term *opportunity cost* means to a consumer.
- **5** Give **two** other examples of opportunity cost that would affect groups
- other than consumers.
- **6** Explain what is meant by division of labour. [2]
- **7** Why is a business likely to increase output if it adopts division of labour? [3]
- 8 List **four** tasks involved in the making of cakes that could be given to different workers through division of labour.
- **9** State **three** benefits to society of business activity. [3]
- **10** What is meant by added value?
- 11 Identify and explain **two** ways in which a retailer of clothes could add value to their products. (Hint: the answer is *not* to buy more expensive clothes for the shop as this will not necessarily add value.)

[3]

[8]

[3]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[6]



Classification of businesses

1	Explain the differences between the primary, secondary and tertiary sectors	
	of industry.	[6]
2	Which sector of business activity is often the most important in the most	
	developed economies? Explain one reason for this.	[3]
3	Which sector of business activity is often the most important in the <i>least</i>	
	developed economies? Explain one reason for this.	[3]
4	Identify and explain one reason why the secondary sector of business	
	activity might become less important to a country's economy over time.	[3]
5	Identify which sector of business activity the following businesses are in.	
	Copy out the list and place P, S or T alongside each one.	
	Bus operator	
	Bus manufacturer	
	• Forestry business	
	Oil-drilling business	
	• Food canning business	[6]
_	• Bank	[6]
6	Make a list of six other businesses, two each from the primary, secondary	1
	and tertiary sectors of business.	[6]
	Explain what is meant by a <i>mixed economy</i> .	[3]
	What is meant by the <i>private sector</i> in mixed economies?	[3]
	What is meant by the <i>public sector</i> in mixed economies?	[3]
10	Identify and explain two possible reasons why a government might decide	
	to keep the country's postal service in the public sector.	[4]



Enterprise, business growth and size

	Explain what is meant by the term <i>entrepreneur</i> .	[2]
_	Identify and explain any two common characteristics of successful entrepreneurs.	[4]
3	Identify any two elements of a business plan and outline why they are important.	[4]
4	A government decides to offer small grants and a business advice service to entrepreneurs planning to start up new business. Explain two possible	
į.	reasons why the government is doing this.	[4]
	List two groups that are interested in comparing the size of businesses and explain why they want to do this.	[4]
6	Two business owners cannot agree on which of them owns the larger business. One owner, who runs a printing firm using the latest expensive equipment, considers his firm to be larger. The other owner, who has a fruit farm that uses only manual labour to pick the fruit, considers her business to be larger.	
	Which method of measuring business size would you advise the two owners to use, and why?	[2]
7	Identify and explain any two reasons why a business owner might want to expand the business.	[4]
	What is the difference between a takeover and a merger?	[2]
	Give two examples of horizontal integration of businesses.	[2]
	Give two examples of forward vertical integration of businesses.	[2]
11	Outline two benefits to Business A of vertically integrating forwards with another business.	[2]
12	The owner of a small hairdressing business asks for your advice. She is planning to expand the business. New branches will be opened and many more staff will be employed. She asks you to make a list of all of the possible advantages and disadvantages of this decision.	
	a) Is this an example of internal or external growth? Explain your answer.b) Make the list asked for by the owner.	[2] [4]
13	Identify two reasons why some businesses remain small.	[2]



Types of business organisation

	1	
1	Which form of business organisation do you think is most suitable for each of the following businesses? Explain your answer fully.	
	a) A business with many hotels is planning to expand abroad. A substantial	
	sum of money will be needed to finance this expansion. Expert	
	managers will be needed to run the business.	[2]
	b) A young student is planning to offer his services to neighbours as a	
	gardener. He will purchase only cheap tools to start with.	[2]
	c) A TV and radio broadcasting business aims to provide services to the whole population regardless of their ability to pay. It will require finance	
	from government.	[2]
	d) A small group of lawyers wish to set up in business together. Their	[4]
	professional association does not allow lawyers to have limited liability.	[2]
	e) The owner of a small garage business is planning to retire. He hopes	
	that his son will be able to take over the business at this time.	[2]
	Outline two disadvantages of a partnership.	[2]
3	Identify and explain two benefits to a sole trader of converting to private	[4]
4	limited company status. State three possible drawbacks to converting a private limited company	[4]
7	into a public limited company.	[3]
5	Explain the difference between the <i>public sector of industry</i> and <i>public</i>	
	limited companies.	[3]
	State two reasons why two businesses might decide to set up a joint venture.	[2]
7	'Sometimes there is a conflict between the management of a public limited	
	company and its owners over how the profits should be used.' Explain what is meant by this statement.	[2]
8	Explain what is meant by a <i>franchise</i> .	[2]
	Tom Shah has just gained a qualification in catering. He wants to run a	[-]
	small fast food outlet. He is not sure whether to run it as an independent	
	sole trader or as a franchise.	
	a) Identify and explain one advantage and one disadvantage for Tom if he	[4]
	decides to run the business as a sole trader.	[4]
	b) Identify and explain one advantage for Tom if he decides to run the business as a franchise and one advantage for the franchisor.	[4]
0	Identify and explain two possible benefits to society of having the main TV	[ד]
	service operated as a public corporation.	[4]



Business objectives and stakeholder objectives

1	What is meant by <i>business objectives</i> ?	[2]
2	Give three examples of the kinds of objectives that a business owned by	
	private individuals could establish.	[3]
3	Identify and explain two benefits to a business of having clear objectives.	[4]
4	Identify and explain two reasons why business managers might set <i>growth</i>	
	as a business objective.	[4]
5	Identify and explain two reasons why business managers might set <i>profit</i>	
	as a business objective.	[4]
	Identify and explain two possible objectives for business in the public sector.	[4]
	List three examples of the stakeholders in a business.	[3]
8	Identify and explain two examples of how conflict might occur between	
	the objectives of these stakeholder groups.	[4]
9	Purbeck plc owns and manages a major leisure complex. The directors of	
	the company are considering demolishing the complex and building a new	
	shopping centre. The directors have different opinions about this plan.	
	• The Human Resources manager says that too many groups of people would suffer from the plan. He thinks that the plan should be dropped.	
	 The Chief Executive says that his main responsibility is to the owners of 	
	the business and that profits should come first.	
	a) How would the workers in the leisure centre be affected by the decision?	[2]
	b) Do you agree with the Chief Executive that profits should be the main	[4]
	aim of the business? Explain your answer.	[6]
0	Identify and explain one other business decision that might result in	رما
•	conflict between stakeholders.	[4]



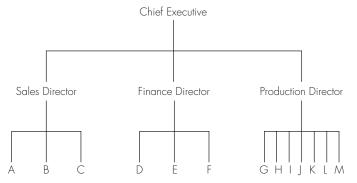
Motivating workers

	 Why are well-motivated employees good for a business? Match the statement to the person (A – Taylor, B – Maslow, C – McGregor) whose theory it best describes: i) 'People have different needs, from the basic requirements of food and shelter to finding a self-fulfilment that comes from doing a good job.' ii) 'Money is the main motivator; pay someone more money and they will work harder.' iii) 'Some managers think that workers are lazy and need to be pushed to 	[2]
456789	work – these are Theory X managers; other managers think employees just need a reasonable environment and want to do a good job – these are Theory Y managers.' State five reasons why people work. What three factors can be used by managers to motivate their employees? Joe is paid \$3,000 per month, whilst Kiran is paid \$5.00 per hour and last week earned \$20 extra as he worked overtime. Who is paid a wage and who is paid a salary? Explain your answer. Sarah is paid \$5.00 per hour and works 40 hours a week, while Selina is paid \$5.00 for every component she produces. Who is paid by piece rate and who is paid by time rate? Explain your answer.	[3] [5] [3] [4] [4] [4] [5]
	c) Production line worker in a car assembly plant.	[6]



Organisation and management

1	What is meant by organisational structure?	[2]
2	As a business expands and employs more people, how will the organisation	
	chart be likely to change?	[3]
3	Explain how an organisation chart for a business could be useful when	
	informing new employees about the business.	[3]
4	Study the organisation chart for a company, shown below:	



	 a) Explain what is meant by the term <i>span of control</i>. b) What is the span of control of the Production Director? c) What could be the advantages to the business of this director having an 	[2] [1]
	even wider span of control?	[3]
	d) What could be the disadvantages of this?	[3]
5	What do you understand by the term delegation?	[2]
6	Why might it be important for a busy manager to delegate to other	
	members of staff?	[4]
7	Identify five qualities of an effective manager.	[5]
8	Identify four reasons why it is important to have good managers.	[4]
9	List three leadership styles.	[3]
10	Give five benefits of joining a trade union.	[5]



Recruitment, selection and training of workers

1	Give three reasons why a business recruits new employees.	[3]
2	a) Why does a business carry out a job analysis before drawing up a job	
	description?	[2]
	b) What is the purpose of a job (person) specification?	[2]
3	a) What is meant by the term recruit internally?	[2]
	b) State one other method of recruitment.	[1]
	c) Explain one advantage and one disadvantage of internal recruitment.	[4]
4	Identify three different places a business could advertise if it was recruiting	
	externally.	[3]
	State four factors to consider when designing an advertisement for a job.	[4]
6	A manager is needed for a new shop that is being opened in the city	
	centre. What factors should be considered when selecting a manager for a	
	new shop?	[6]
7	Why does a business carry out interviews as part of the process of selecting	
	staff?	[2]
	Name three types of training that a business may use.	[3]
	What is the difference between dismissal and redundancy?	[2]
10	Outline three examples of laws that protect employees.	[6]



Internal and external communication

	Outline the four features necessary for communication to be 'effective'.	[4]
	Explain the difference between <i>one-way</i> and <i>two-way communication</i> .	[3]
3	Identify and explain one situation in which two-way communication would	
	be particularly useful.	[2]
	Explain the difference between internal and external communication.	[3]
5	Imagine you are the Human Resources Director of a large retail store with	
	many departments. State two business situations where good internal	
	communications would be important to you.	[2]
6	Which method of communication would you use if you wanted to:	
	a) Give an instruction to a large number of people.	
	b) Explain a detailed plan to a few other people.	
	c) Obtain a very quick reply to your message to another member of staff.	
	d) Keep contact with a large number of young consumers.	
	e) Tell an applicant for a job what the conditions of employment are.	[5]
7	For each of your suggestions in answer to Q6, explain why you chose this	
	method of communication.	[5]
8	Identify and explain two ways in which communication has been made	
	easier with new technology.	[4]
9	A multinational business employs a total of 35,000 workers and managers	
	in eight different countries. Explain three of the most likely barriers to	
	effective internal communication in this company.	[6]
10	Identify and explain three ways that the business in Q9 might use to	
	overcome the barriers to effective communication that you identified.	[6]



Government economic objectives and policies

1	List three economic objectives of governments.	[3]
	List two disadvantages to a country's economy arising from rapid inflation.	[2]
3	Why might a government want to achieve a lower rate of unemployment	
	in the country?	[3]
	Explain what economic growth means and how it is measured.	[4]
5	Draw a labelled diagram of the business/economic cycle and explain the	[-1
6	boom and recession stages.	[5]
	Explain the difference between <i>direct</i> and <i>indirect</i> taxes.	[3]
/	Identify and explain two possible effects on a luxury hotel of an increase in interest rates.	[4]
R	Identify and explain two ways in which managers of the hotel in Q7 might	[4]
Ü	respond to higher interest rates.	[4]
9	How would a government decision to reduce direct taxes be likely to affect	ניו
Ī	the demand for luxury foreign holidays?	[4]
10	Two managers are comparing details about their businesses.	
	• Firm A manufactures cell (mobile) phones. Many of these are exported.	
	The business has expanded recently and has borrowed large sums of	
	money from banks.	
	• Firm B produces flour for bakeries. It buys its wheat from other countries.	
	Both managers are discussing these recent changes in government	
	economic policy:	
	• increased interest rates	
	reduced corporation tax	
	• raised income tax rates.	
	Which business do you think will be more affected by these changes?	[0]
	Explain your answer.	[8]



Environmental and ethical issues

	•	
	State two ways in which business activity can damage the environment. Explain the difference between the <i>external costs</i> and the <i>external benefits</i>	[2]
	of a business decision.	[4]
3	State two possible external benefits and two possible external costs of a	
	decision by a business to expand an airport close to a city.	[4]
4	Identify and explain three ways in which businesses could contribute to	
	sustainable development.	[6]
5	Name two pressure groups that operate in your country.	[2]
6	Identify and explain two ways in which an environmental pressure group	
	could take action against a business that pollutes the environment.	[4]
7	Identify and explain two ways in which an oil and petrol company could	
	take advantage of increasing consumer concerns about the environment.	[4]
8	Using an example, explain how there might be a conflict for a business	
	between making profits and being ethical.	[4]
9	Identify and explain three possible benefits to a business of acting ethically.	[6]
10	Identify and explain two reasons why a business might decide to act	
	unethically	[4]



Business and the international economy

	Identify and explain two reasons for the increased globalisation of recent years.	[4]
2	Identify and explain two potential benefits to a manufacturer of sports	
	shoes from globalisation.	[4]
3	Identify and explain two reasons why a book retailing business might be	
	affected by increased globalisation and free trade.	[4]
4	Explain the difference between a tariff and a quota.	[3]
5	Outline two reasons why a government might introduce tariffs.	[2]
6	There are only two countries in the world where it is impossible to buy	
	Coca-Cola. Explain two benefits to Coca-Cola of being a multinational	
	business.	[4]
7	Coca-Cola plans to expand its operations in India. Explain two advantages	
	and two disadvantages to India from this expansion.	[8]
8	Explain what a currency depreciation means.	[3]
9	Explain the likely impact of an appreciation of a country's currency on the	
	country's exporting businesses.	[4]
10	Explain the likely impact of a depreciation of a country's currency on	
	importing businesses in the country.	[4]