- 1 Ionic compounds contain ions.
  - (a) The numbers of electrons, neutrons and protons in four particles, **W**, **X**, **Y** and **Z**, are shown in Figure 5.

particle	electrons	neutrons	protons
w	9	10	9
X	10	14	12
Y	16	16	16
Z	18	18	16

Figure 5

) Calcium	itrate contains c	alcium ions and	I nitrate ions.	
			um nitrata	
	the relative formu		O, N = 14, O = 16)	

relative formula mass =

(c) Lithium fluoride, LiF, is an ionic compound.

It contains lithium cations and fluoride anions.

The electronic configurations of a lithium atom and of a fluorine atom are shown in Figure 6.

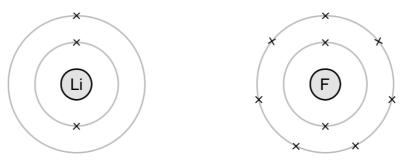


Figure 6

Complete Figure 7 to show the electronic configurations and charges of the ions in lithium fluoride.

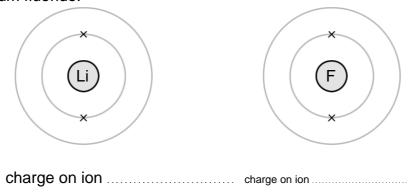


Figure 7

2 (a) The table shows the names and formulae of three ions.

name of ion	formula of ion
calcium	Ca <sup>2+</sup>
nitrate	NO - 3
phosphate	PO 3-

What is the formula of calcium nitrate?

Put a cross (☐) in the box next to your answer.

- A Ca<sub>2</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>
- B CaNO<sub>3</sub>
- C Ca<sub>3</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>
- $\square$  D Ca(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>
- (b) Complete the sentence by putting a  $cros\underline{s}$  ( $\boxtimes$ ) in the box next to your answer. The number of oxygen atoms in the formula  $Ca_3(PO_4)_2$  is

  - **B** 4
  - **C** 8
  - □ 12

(c) The table gives some information about the elements sodium and sulfur.

	sodium	sulfur
metal or non-metal	metal	non-metal
atomic symbol	Na	S
number of electrons in one atom	11	16

Sodium sulfide is an ionic compound.

Describe, in terms of electron transfer, how sodium atoms react with sulfur atoms to form sodium sulfide.

Your description should include the charges on the ions formed.					

*(d) Explain the difference in the ability of solid sodium chloride and molten sodium chloride to conduct electricity in terms of their structures.					

CICCIIO	ete the table to show the nuns in this atom of copper.	difficers of protoris	
	particle	number	
	proton		
	neutron		
	electron		
contair	electrons, in a copper ato	m.	
	r exists as isotopes.		
(iii) Coppe			
` ,	what is meant by the term	isotopes.	

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(iv) A sample of copper contains	
70% of copper-63 atoms and	
30% of copper-65 atoms.	
Use this information to calculate the relative atomic mass of copper in this sample.	
relative atomic mass of copper =	
(b) Copper nitrate contains copper ions, Cu <sup>2+</sup> , and nitrate ions, NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> .	
(i) Describe, in terms of electrons, how a copper atom, Cu, becomes a copper ion, C (2)	u <sup>2+</sup> .
(ii) Write the formula for copper nitrate.	
(ii) Trine the fermina for copper mitrate.	