Let  $r = \sqrt{3}$ 

Assume that the opposite is true

Assume that r is rational

$$r = \frac{a}{b}$$
,  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}, b \neq 0$ 

r is a fraction in its lowest terms

$$r^2 = \frac{a^2}{b^2} = 3$$

$$a^2 = 3b^2$$

Consider that  $b^2$  is even, then  $3b^2$  is even, so  $a^2$  is even

Therefore, a and b must be even

If *a* and *b* are both even, then  $\frac{a}{b}$  can be simplified by dividing through by a common factor of 2.

This is a contradiction

## We need to consider two cases

- **1)** where b<sup>2</sup> is odd
- **2)** where  $b^2$  is even

Consider that  $b^2$  is odd, then  $3b^2$  is odd, so  $a^2$  is odd

Therefore, a and b must be odd

Let a = 2m - 1Let b = 2n - 1

Therefore

 $a^2 = 3b^2$ 

 $(2m-1)^2 = 3(2n-1)^2$ 



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 $4m^{2} - 4m + 1 = 3(4n^{2} - 4n + 1)$  $4m^{2} - 4m + 1 = 12n^{2} - 12n + 3$  $4m^{2} - 4m = 12n^{2} - 12n + 2$  $2m^{2} - 2m = 6n^{2} - 6n + 1$  $2(m^{2} - m) = 2(3n^{2} - 3n) + 1$ 

Notice that the LHS is even and the RHS is odd

This is a contradiction.  $\sqrt{3}$  is not rational. We have proved that  $\sqrt{3}$  is irrational.



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