

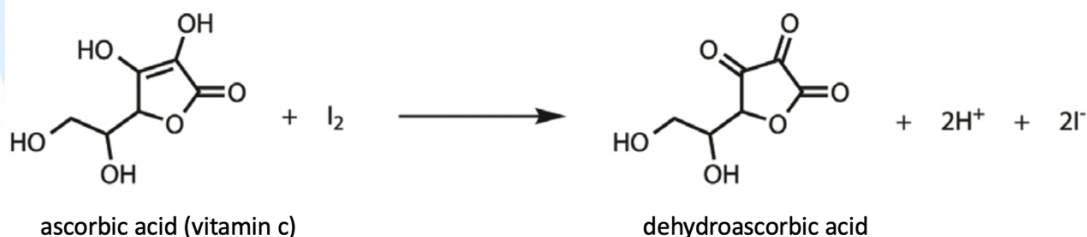
**SL HL Paper 3 Section A Data Response (5)**

The Royal Society of Chemistry has introduced a global experiment for school students to determine the amount of vitamin C in various fruits.

Students first determine how many drops of a given iodine solution are required to react with a known amount of vitamin C by calibrating the iodine solution with a known amount of vitamin C using starch as an indicator.

All the Vitamin C content is then extracted from a selected fruit and the number of drops of the standardised iodine solution required to react with the vitamin C is determined. The amount of vitamin C in  $\text{mg g}^{-1}$  in the selected fruit is then calculated.

The relevant equation for the reaction in aqueous solution is:

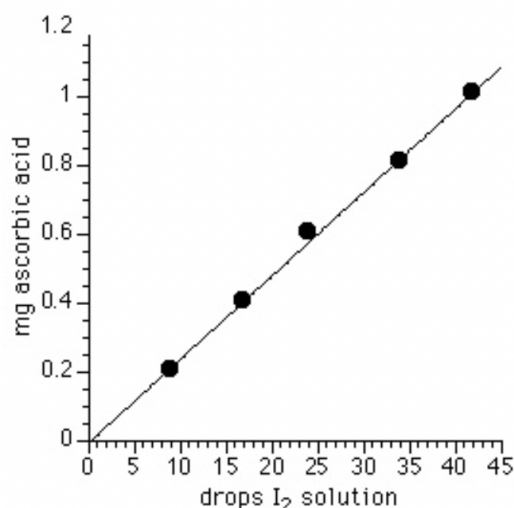


The molar mass of vitamin C =  $176.12 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$

**(a) (i)** Deduce the two half-equations for the oxidation of vitamin C and the reduction of iodine in aqueous solution. **[2]**

**(ii)** Explain why vitamin C is soluble in water. **[1]**

**(b)** A student in a particular school obtained the following calibration curve:

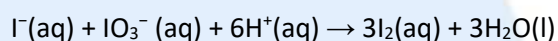


She found that the vitamin C extracted from 3.04 g of a fresh red pepper required 82 drops of the iodine solution to react completely.

(i) Deduce the concentration of vitamin C in  $\text{mg g}^{-1}$  of the fresh red pepper. **[2]**

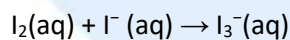
(ii) It was determined that 103 drops of the iodine solution had a total volume of  $1.00 \text{ cm}^3$ . Calculate the concentration of the iodine solution in  $\text{mol dm}^{-3}$ . **[2]**

(c) Iodine can be formed by the reaction between iodide and iodate ions in acidic solution:



This redox reaction is known as a disproportionation reaction as iodine is simultaneously oxidised (from -1 to zero) and reduced (from +5 to zero).

Iodine is insoluble in water but it does dissolve in a solution of potassium iodide as it forms the complex triiodide ion,  $\text{I}_3^{-}$ .



Discuss whether this reaction between iodine and iodide ions can also be considered to be a disproportionation reaction. **[2]**